SOLAPUR UNIVERSITY, SOLAPUR.

Syllabus and Structure of the Bachelor of Computer Applications (BCA)

To be effective from June 2017 (Under Science Faculty)

1) Title:

The degree shall be titled as Bachelor of Computer Applications (BCA)

2) Objectives of the course:

This is a three years bachelor degree course in computer applications aimed at developing computer professional versatile in use of computers mostly in business world. The emphasis is to have generality of developing professionals as programmer, system analysts, database administrators, documentation officer etc.

3) Duration:

- i) The course shall be a full time course.
- ii) The duration of course shall be three years.
- iii) The course shall be run on self-supporting basis.

4) Number of Students:

A batch shall consist of not more than 60 students.

5) Eligibility:

i) A candidate for being eligible for admission to the Degree Course in Computer Science. Candidate shall have passed XII std. Examination of the Maharashtra Board of Higher Secondary Education or its equivalent or any Diploma of not less than two years.

ii) A candidate has to appear for a common entrance test to be conducted by respective college for getting admission to this course.

1. Percentage at HSC	100
2.Percentage at Entrance	100
Total	200

The merit list will be prepared on the basis of percentage of HSC and percentage at entrance examination. Students will be admitted on the basis of Merit list.

6) Medium:

The medium of instruction and examination will be only in English.

a) Details of Internal examination:

1. Attendance	05 marks
2. Assignment	20 marks (3 Home & 2 class assignments)
3. Mid-Test	05 marks
Total	30 marks

b) Marks of Lab course and mini project will be given by the concerned college

on the basis of evaluation by the internal teacher.

c) Original Report and Viva-Voce:

Project Report will be assessed by the internal teacher at the end of sixth semester out of 70 marks and there will be viva-voce examination of 80 marks. The panel of examiners will consist of one internal and one external appointed by university. Standard of Passing:

A candidate must obtain minimum 40% marks for passing in each university examination paper, internal examination, Lab course, Major Project.

i) Class will be awarded on the basis of marks obtained by the candidate in all the six semester examination.

To be effective From June-2017

ii) Candidate who has secure 40% marks in each head of internal credit and semester examination shall be declared to have passed in the paper.

iii) A candidate who fails in any particular theory papers shall be allowed to reappear for that theory paper. However, his/her internal credit marks shall be carrying forwarded.

Award of Class:

Class should be awarded to the students of BCA on the basis of aggregate marks in the six semesters.

The award of class shall be as under:

Aggregate 70% and above	First class with distinction
Aggregate 60% and above	First Class But less than 70%,
Aggregate 50% and above	Second Class But less than 60%
Aggregate 40% and above	Pass Class But less than 50%

	Syllabus Structure for BCA-II Course																				
Facu	ulty Na	ame]											
BOS	Nam	e																			
Sub	ject N	ame]											
Cou	rse Pa	ttern		CBCS																	
Sylla fron	abus li n Acad	mpleme demic Ye	ent ear	June-2017																	
-Y/SY/TY		ter Code will ter Section))S Code)		(111/11/1)	/Compulsory onal/Elective)		es in Hr/WK	Semester	Teaching	Assessm ent Method (Theory/	To [:] Ma	tal rks		Th	eory		Practical/TeamWork/Or a/FieldWork/Project/Se			'Oral/Viv 'Seminar
rse	Б	nd u	e (BC	Paper Name (This name is displayed on mark	her	Core, Opti	edits	cture	e in	Method	Practical/ Teamwor		1	ESE	E(UA)	ICA	(CA)	ESE(UA)	IC	A(CA)
Year of Cou	Š	Paper Code (Cor be given by Cor	Paper Code	sheet)	Paper Nur	Paper Type (1. (2. Fundamental/	Cre	Number of Lec	Total Lectur	(Lecture/ Laborato ry)	k/Oral/Vi va/Field Work/Pr oject/Se minar)	Max Marks	Min Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks
SY	ш	BCA 301		Data structures using 'C'		1	4	5		Lecture	Theory	100	40	70	28	30	12	-	-	-	-
SY	111	BCA 302		Networking & Data communication		1	4	5		Lecture	Theory	100	40	70	28	30	12	-	-	-	-
SY		BCA 303		DBMS with Oracle		1	4	5		Lecture	Theory	100	40	70	28	30	12	-	-	-	-
SY		BCA 304		OOP with C++		1	4	5		Lecture	Theory	100	40	70	28	30	12	-	-	-	-
SY		BCA 305		Operations Research		1	4	5		Lecture	Theory	100	40	70	28	30	12	-	-	-	-

Syllabus & Structure of BCA- II (Under Science) T

To	<u>be</u>	effective	From	lune-2017
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SY	111	BCA 306	Lab 3 Based on 301, 303, 304	1	12	-	Laboratory	Practical	100	40	-	-	-	-	70	28	30	12
SY	IV	BCA 401	Software Testing	1	4	5	Lecture	Theory	100	40	70	28	30	12	-	-	-	-
SY	IV	BCA 402	Python	1	4	5	Lecture	Theory	100	40	70	28	30	12	-	-	-	-
SY	IV	BCA 403	Operating System	1	4	5	Lecture	Theory	100	40	70	28	30	12	-	-	-	-
SY	IV	BCA 404	Advanced Web technology	1	4	5	Lecture	Theory	100	40	70	28	30	12	-	-	-	-
SY	IV	BCA 405	E- Governance	1	4	5	Lecture	Theory	100	40	70	28	30	12	-	-	-	-
SY	IV	BCA 406	Lab 4 Based on 402, 404	1	12	-	Laboratory	Practical	100	40	-	-	-	-	70	28	30	12

Practical batch - contents No. of students – 20 Practical batch - 12 lab. hours per week

Second Year BCA (Under Science) Semester- III

Course Code: BCA 301

Course Title: <u>Data Structures using 'C'</u>

Total Contact Hours: 48 Hrs.

Total Marks: 100(60Lectures) Total Credits: 04

Teaching Scheme: Theory 5 Lect./Week

<u>Course</u> O	bjective: The objective of this course is to study Data structure concepts	•
Unit No.	Description	No. of Lectures
Unit- 1	 An Introduction to Data Structures: Introduction, Definition, types of Data structure Dynamic Memory Allocation in 'C' Programming Introduction to Abstract Data Type (ADT) Algorithm: Definition, characteristics Complexity of algorithm- Space complexity, time complexity, Big-O Notation Design of Algorithm- Divide and Conquer, Greedy Algorithm, branch & bound, backtracking, dynamic programming. 	8
Unit- 2	 Stack: Operations of stack- Create, isempty, isfull, push, pop, display (status) Implementation of stack using array (Static Implementation) Applications of Stack- Algorithm of conversion of infix expression to postfix expression Algorithm of conversion of infix expression to prefix expression Matching parenthesis in an expression (Checking expression is valid or invalid) Evaluation of postfix expression Stack in recursion Implementation of applications of stack. 	12
Unit- 3	 Queue: Introduction to Queue Operations of queue- Create, isempty, isfull, insert, remove, display (status) Types of Queue- Linear Queue Circular Queue Deque (Double Ended Queue) Priority queue. Implementation of all types of queue using array (Static Implementation) Difference between stack and queue. Applications of Queue 	10
Unit- 4	 Introduction to Linked Lists Difference between Array and linked list. Types of linked list Linear linked list- Singly (Single) linear linked list 	10

	<u>10 be effective From</u>	<u>i June-2017</u>
	Doubly (Double) linear linked list.	
	2) Circular linked list-	
	Singly (Single) circular linked list	
	Doubly (Double) circular linked list.	
	 Operations of linked list- Creation, Insertion, Deletion, 	
	Traversing, Searching, Concatenation, Display, count, reverse.	
	 Implementation of stack using linked list (Dynamic stack) 	
	• Implementation of queue using linked list (Dynamic queue)	
	Trees:	
	Introduction to Tree	
	 Introduction to Binary Trees 	
	• Types of Binary tree-	
	Strictly Binary tree	
	Complete Binary tree	
	Extended (2-Tree) Binary tree	
	Binary expression tree	
	Binary Search tree	
	Operations of Binary search tree-	10
Unit- 5	Creating and inserting node	
	Searching node	
	Counting total nodes	
	Counting and displaying leaf nodes	
	Tree Traversal methods- Preoder, Inorder, Postorder	
	Deletion of Nodes	
	• Implementation of binary search tree.	
	Height balanced tree/Balanced Binary Tree/AVL tree	
	Application of tree	
	Searching and Sorting:	
	 Introduction and definition of Sorting 	
	• Types of Sorting-	
	Bubble sort	
	Quick sort	
	Selection sort	
II. :+ C	Insertion sort	10
Unit-6	Merge sort	10
	Radix Sort	
	 Introduction and definition of Searching 	
	• Types of searching-	
	Linear (Sequential)Search	
	Binary Search	
	Indexed sequential search	

- 1. Tanenbaum: Data structures using C and C++
- 2. Data Structures Through C in Depth- S.K.Srivastava, D.Srivastava
- 3. Fundamentals of Data Structures in C by Sahni
- 4. Ulman: Data structures and Algorithms
- 5. Nikaulus Wirth: Algorithms, data structures, Programs.

Course Code: BCA 302	Course Title: <u>Networking & Data</u>						
	<u>Comm</u>	unication					
Total Contact Hours: 48 Hrs.	Total Marks: 100	(60 Lectures)					
Teaching Scheme: Theory 5 Lect./Week	Total Credits: 04						

<u>Course Objective:</u> The objective of this course is to study Networking & data communication concepts.

Unit No.	Description	No. of Lectures
	Introduction to Data Communication & Networking:	
Unit- 1	 Data Communication: Components Data Representation Data Flow CommunicationModel Computer Network: Introduction of Network Uses of a computer network Network Components: Hubs, Switches, Repeaters, Bridges, Routers, Gateways 	10
Unit- 2	 Network Models: Protocols & Standards Protocol Hierarchies Design Issues of Layers, Services Primitives Connection oriented and connection less services Reference Model: ISO-OSI reference model 	7
Unit- 3	 Physical layer : Signals: Analog & Digital Signals Period Frequency Phase Amplitude Bandwidth Bit Rate Bit Length Transmission Media: Guided Media: Magnetic Media Twisted Pair Coaxial Cable Fiber Optic Cable Unguided Media: Wireless- Radio Waves Microwaves Infrared 	13

	<u>10 De effective l'1</u>	<u>0111 julie-2017</u>
	Satellite Communication	
	• Analog Transmission:	
	Modem	
	Felephone System	
	Modulation: Areality de Madelatier	
	Amplitude Modulation	
	Frequency Modulation Desce Modulation	
	Transmission Model	
	 Italisiiission mode: Parallel Serial 	
	 Synchronous Transmission 	
	 Asynchronous Transmission 	
	Multiplexing & Switching:	
	 Multiplexing & Switching. Multiplexing. 	
	 Frequency Division Multiplexing 	
	 Time Division Multiplexing. 	
	 Wavelength Division Multiplexing 	
	• Switching: Circuit Switching, Message Switching, Packet	
	Switching	
	Data link layer :	
	Data link layer Design issues	
	Error Detection & Correction:	
	Types of Errors	
	Hamming Distance	
	• ErrorDetection:	
	Parity Check	
Unit- 4	Cyclic Redundancy Check	10
	Checksum Check	
	 Error correction 	
	 Data Link Control: Framing, Flow & Error Control, 	
	 Protocols: Simplex, Stop and Wait 	
	 Multiple Access Protocol: Concept of- 	
	ALOHA, CSMA	
	Channelization, FDMA, TDMA, CDMA	
	Network layer:	
	 Network layer Design issues 	
	Routing Algorithm:	
	 Optimality Principle 	
	Shortest Path Routing	
	Distance Vector Routing	10
Unit-5	Link State Routing	10
	Broadcast Routing Multicest Douting	
	Multicast Routing	
	Congestion Control Algorithm	
	Congestion prevention policies	
	Congestion Control in Virtual-Circuit Subnets	
	Congestion Control inDatagram Subnets Transport Seguine Presentation & Application lawore	
	Flomente of Transport Protocols	
	Elements of Transport Protocols	
IIn:+ C	Addressing Connection establishment	10
Unit- 6	Connection establishment	10
	Connection Release	
	Flow Control & Buttering	
	TCP/IP protocol suite	

Concept of-	
Transmission Control Protocol	
User Datagram Protocol	
IP, FTP, DNS, Telnet, SMTP, POP	
HTTP, WWW, ARP, RARP	

- 1) Computer Networking by Tannenbaum.
- 2) Data communication and networking by William Stallings
- 3) Data communication and networking by B A Forouzan4) Data communication and networking by AchyutGodbole
- 5) Data communication and networking by Jain

Course Code: BCA 303

Course Title: DBMS with Oracle

Total Contact Hours: 48 Hrs.

Total Marks: 100 (60 Lectures)

Teaching Scheme: Theory 05 Lect./Week Total Credits: 04

Course Objective: The objective of this course is to study database concepts using Oracle

Unit No.	Description					
	Introduction to database system:					
	 Definition, Limitations of traditional file system. 					
	Advantages of DBMS					
	Components of DBMS					
Unit- 1	Database Architecture					
	Database Users					
	Schemas and instances					
	 Database languages (DDL,DML, DCL) 					
	Conceptual Design					
	 Overview of DB design 					
	 E-R model: E-R Diagram, entities, attributes and its types, Relationship and relationship sets, Cardinality, Degree, Generalization, Specialization, Aggregation 					
Unit- 2	 Relational Model: Relation, Domain, Tuples, Degree, cardinality 	12				
	Relational database design: Key and types of keys, relational integrity rules, Codd's rules.					
	Concepts of a table, a row, a relation, a tuple and a key in a relational database					
	 Conversion of ER to Relational model 					
	Transaction and Concurrency Management :					
	 Introduction to transaction 					
	 Properties (ACID) of transaction 					
	 Transaction states 					
	Problems of concurrency control.					
Unit- 3	 Concurrency Control: Introduction to concurrency. 	10				
	Lock and its types					
	 Lock based protocols 					
	Deadlock: Deadlock handling					
	 Timestamp based protocol 					
Unit- 4	 SQL Introduction DDL commands (create, drop, alter) with examples DML Commands (insert, Update, Delete) with example DCL : Grant and Revoke 	15				

		<u>om june-2017</u>
	 Constraints and its types Data Retrieval Mechanism Functions in SQL Operators and clause 	
	> View	
	> Index	
	Sub-query and Nested Sub-queries	
	 SQL mechanisms for joining relations (inner joins, outer joins and its types 	
	PL/SQL using Oracle:	
	 Comparison between SQL and PL/SQL, Features of PL/SQL, Structure of PL/SQL 	
Unit- 5	 Data types in PL/SQL Control statements : If-else construct, Loop statement for loop, while loop 	
	 Procedure & function : Definition of procedure & functions, IN, OUT AND INOUT Parameters, 	18
	 Cursor : Definition of cursor, Types of cursor-implicit, Explicit, Open, Fetch, Cursor Attributes, Close cursor, Parameterized cursor. 	
	Trigger and its types	
	Package in PL/SQL	
	 Exception Handling in PL/SQL 	

- 1) Database System Concepts by KorthSilberschetz
- 2) Fundamentals of Database Systems by Elmsari, Navathe
- 3) SQL, PL/SQL The programming language of Oracle by Ivan Bayross
- 4) An Introduction to Database Systems by Bipin Desai
- 5) Database Management systems (DBMS) by Rajiv Chopra.

Course Code: BCA 304

Total Contact Hours: 48 Hrs.

Syllabus & Structure of BCA- II (Under Science) To be effective From June-2017 Course Title: <u>OOP with C++</u>

(60 Lectures) Total Marks: 100

Teaching Scheme: Theory 5Lect./Week

Total Credits: 04

Course Objective: The objective of this course is to study basics of OOP using C++ language.

Unit No.	Description	No. of Lectures
	Introduction to (Object Oriented Programming)OOP :	20000103
Unit- 1	 Introduction to OOP Features of OOP's- Class, Object, Data Abstraction, Data encapsulation, Data hiding, Message passing, polymorphism, inheritance, persistency, delegation, extensibility Introduction to OOP languages. Application of OOP Comparison between POP (Procedural Oriented Programming) and OOP. Advantages of OOP's 	10
Unit- 2	 Introduction to C++ : History of C++ C++ basics (C++ tokens)- Keywords, identifiers, data types, variables, constants, operators, special symbols Types of Variables- Value, pointer and reference. Structure of C++ program Introduction to cin and cout objects. Function and its types Default value argument. Parameter passing methods. Static polymorphism (Function overloading) 	10
Unit- 3	 Classes and Objects : Introduction to class and object. Defining class (class specification) Creating object Access specifier (Visibility modes)- public, protected, private Class members- data members, member functions Non-member function Defining member function inside and outside the class. Inline function Static data members and static member functions Pointer to object Array of object Returning object as parameter by value, by pointer and by reference Dynamic memory allocation (new, delete) Friend function and friend class. Nesting of classes. Constructors- Concept, characteristics of constructor Types of constructor- default, parameterized and copy Destructor overloading Static polymorphism (Operator overloading)- Concept, rules to 	10

	<u>To be effective Fr</u>	<u>om June-2017</u>
	overload operator, unary and binary operator overloading,	
	overloading operator using member function and friend	
	function.	
	Type conversion (type casting)- implicit and explicit.	
	Inheritance and Runtime Polymorphism:	
	Introduction and concept of inheritance	
	Defining derived class	
	Types of derivations	
	• Types (Forms) of Inheritance- Single, Multi-level, Multiple,	
	Hierarchical, Hybrid, Multi-path (Virtual base class)	
	Behavior of constructors and destructor in inheritance	
	• Pointer to base class.	
Unit- 4	• Pointer to derived class.	15
	Runtime polymorphism-	
	Introduction and concept of runtime polymorphism	
	Virtual functions- Definition, concept, characteristics and	
	use of virtual function.	
	Pure virtual function- Definition, concept, characteristics	
	and use of pure virtual function.	
	Abstract class	
	 Virtual destructor 	
	Stream and Files:	
	 Introduction to streams in C++ 	
	• Stream classes	
	• File stream classes	
	• Formatted and unformatted I/O functions and Manipulators.	
Unit- 5	• File Manipulations- Opening, closing, reading, writing,	10
	appending	
	• File opening modes	
	 Opening files using open() and constructor 	
	 Error handling during file manipulations 	
	Command line arguments.	
Unit- 6	Exception Handling and Template:	
	Introduction to Exception	
	• Exception handling mechanism- try, catch, throw keywords.	5
	Custom exception. Introduction to Exception	5
	Introduction to class template	
	• Introduction to function template.	

- 1) OOP in C++ E-balagurusamy
- 2) Mastering C++ K.R. Venugopal
- 3) Structured approach using C++ Behrouz A. Forouzan
 4) The Complete ReferenceC++- Fourth Edition. Herbert Schildt

Total Credits: 04

Total Contact Hours: 48 Hrs.

Teaching Scheme: Theory 5 Lect./Week

(60 Lectures)

Course Objective: The objective of this course is to study the Operation research.

Unit No.	Description	No. of Lectures
	Introduction to Operations Research :	
.	• History	-
Unit- I	Evolution	1
	Scope and Limitations.	
	Linear Programming Problem(LPP):	
	• Statement of LPP	
	Formulation of problems as LPP	
	General form of LPP	
	Canonical form of LPP	
Unit- 2	Standard form of LPP	18
	• Definitions of decision variables, slack variables, surplus	
	variables, a solution, feasible solution, basic feasible solution,	
	an optimum solution and alternate optimum solution.	
	Solution of LPP by using graphical method	
	Duality Theory : Writing dual of primal problem	
	Transportation Problem (TP) :	
	• Statement of TP	
	• Mathematical model of TP (Structure of TP)	
	Balanced TP and unbalanced TP	
	Degenerate solution and non-degenerate solution	20
Unit- 3	• Methods of obtaining initial basic feasible solution (IBFS) of TP:	20
	North-West Corner method	
	Method of matrix minima i.e. least cost method	
	Vogers approximation method. Modified Distribution (MODI) Method of obtaining on optimal	
	• Modified Distribution (MODI) Method of obtaining an optimal solution of TP	
	Assignment Problem(AP) :	
	• Statement of AP	
	Mathematical model of AP (Structure of AP)	
	Balanced and unbalanced AP	
Unit- 4	• AP with restrictions	15
	Optimal solution of AP by usingHungerian Method	
	Maximization in AP	
	Alternate solution	
	Difference between TP and AP	

Books Recommended:

1) Operations Research - H.A.Taha

2) Operations Research - Kantiswarup Gupta

3) Linear Programming - S. Vajda

Course Code: BCA 306

Total Credits: 04

Total Contact Hours: 48 Hrs.

Teaching Scheme: Practical 5 Pract. /Week

Lab- 3

I) Practical's on course code BCA301:

Unit Name	Description				
Introduction to	Write different programs in 'C' language that shows use of array,				
Data structures	<pre>pointers, structure, dynamic memory allocation [use of malloc(), calloc(), realloc(), free()]</pre>				
	• Write a program to implement stack using array (static stack)				
	• Write a program that check expression is valid or not				
	• Write a program that reverse string using stack				
Stack	• Write a program that demonstrate use of recursion to find-				
	1. Digit sum of entered number				
	2. Face value of entered number				
	3. To find factorial of number				
	4. To find Fibonacci series				
	• Write a program to implement queue using array (static queue)				
Queue	• write a program to implement circular queue				
	• Write a program to implement input restricted deque (IRD)				
	• Write a program to implement output restricted deque (ORD)				
	• Write a program to implement singly circular linked list				
Limbrod list	• write a program to implement singly circular linked list				
Linked list	• write a program to implement stack using mixed list (Dynamic stack)				
	• Write a program to implement queue using linked list (Dynamic				
	queue)				
	• Write a program to implement binary search tree with following				
Tues	operations-				
Tree	Insert(), Search(), Preorder(), Inorder(), Postorder(),				
	Count_leaf(), Count_total(), Delete(), Find_max()				
	Find_min()				
	• Write a program to implement following sorting methods:				
	1. Bubble sort				
	2. Selection sort				
Conting and	3. QUICK SOFT				
Sorting and	5. Merge sort				
scarching	6 Radix sort				
	• Write a program to implement following searching methods:				
	1) Linear (Sequential) search for unsorted data.				
	2) Linear (Sequential) search for sorted data.				
	3) Binary search.				

II) Practical's on course code BCA 303:

Description

- 1. Create following table. Book (id, title, author, publisher, category, year, price) Distributor(did, name, city, discount) and Order(order_no, title, did, qty)
 - a. Display title and category of all books.
 - b. Display the total no of books per year.
 - c. Display list of authors.
 - d. Display the books published in 1991,92 and 93.
 - e. Display the books published from 1991 to 95.
 - f. Display the books whose price is greater than 200.
 - g. Display the total no of books of each category.
 - h. Display titles of all books whose price is greater than average price.
 - i. Display the list of all books whose price is greater then average price of "computer" category.
 - j. Shoe the name of all the distributors who supply "software testing" books.
 - k. Display the details of all books whose price is greater than the maximum of the category average.
 - 1. Display name of all books who are supplying the books whose author is 'Pressman'.
- 2. Create the following table & solve given queries.

Table Name : branch

Column_name	Datatype	Constraint	Description
Bno	number(4)	Primary key	Branch number
Bname	Varchar2(20)	Not null	
City	Varchar2(15)	Not null	

Table Name : customer

Column_name	Datatype	Constraint	Description
Cust_no	Number(6)	Primary key	
Cust_name	Varchar2(20)	Not null	
City	Varchar2(15)	Not null	

Table Name : deposit

Column_name	Datatype	Constraint	Description
Acc_no	Varchar2(5)	Primary key	Starts from 'D'characcter
Cust_no	Number(6)	Foreign key	references table 'customer'
Bno	Number(4)	Foreign key	Branch number references from table
			'branch'
Amount	Number(9,2)	Not null	Default amount is 500.00
Adate	Date	Not null	Date of money deposited

Table Name : borrow

Column_name	Datatype	Constraint	Description
Loan_no	Number(5)	Primary key	
Cust_no	Number(6)	Foreign key	references table 'customer'
Bno	Number(4)	Foreign key	references from table 'branch'
Amount	Number(9,2)	Not null	Default amount is 500.00

- a) Give names of depositors having amount greater than 4000.
- b) Give name of customer having living city BOMBAY and branch city DELHI.
- c) Give name of customers who are borrowers as well as depositors and having living city NAGPUR.
- d) Give name of customers who are depositors and have the same branch city as that of sunil.
- e) Give names of depositors having the same living city as that of shivani and having deposit amount greater than 200.
- f) Give names of borrowers having deposit amount greater than 1000 and loan amount greater than 2000.
- g) Give names of borrowers having loan amount greater than the loan amount of anil.
- h) Give loanno and loan amount of borrowers having the same branch as that of depositor sunil.
- i) Give loanno, loan amount, account no, and deposit amount of customers living in city NAGPUR.
- j) Give loanno, loan amount, account no, and deposit amount of customers having deposit branch located in delhi.
- 3. write a plsql block to find maximum number.
- 4. Write a program to find grade of marks.
- 5. write a plsql block for insert 10 rows in table.
- 6. write a plsql block for display sum of first n numbers.
- 7. write a function which return multiplication of two numbers.
- 8. write a plsql block to demonstrate the reverse loop.
- 9. write a procedure without parameter.
- 10. Define cursor for display information of student.
- 11. Write a procedure for addition and subtraction of two numbers. (Return result).
- 12. Create trigger for generating primary key.
- 13. Create trigger for avoiding inserting the records whose address 'solapur' and deleting the records whose address 'satara'.(use any table with address field).
- 14. Create package for addition, multiplication.
- 15. Create a function to calculate square of number

III) Practical's on course code BCA 304:

Unit Name	Description
Introduction	• Write different programs in 'C++' language that shows use of array,
to C++	pointers variable, reference variable, cin and cout objects, scope
	resolution operators, basic operators
	 Write a program that shows use of class and object.
	• Write a program that shows parameter passing techniques in C++
	 Write a program that shows defining member function inside and
	outside of class body
	 Write a program that demonstrate use of inline function
	• Write a program to implement function overloading concept
	• Write a program to implement default, parameterized and copy
	constructor
Class &	• Write a program to implement friend function and friend class
Object	Write a program to implement constructor overloading concept
	• Write a program that shows use of static data member and static
	member function.
	• Write a program that shows use of nesting classes.
	• Write a program that shows use of array of object
	• Write a program that shows passing and returning object from
	White a program that shows use of new and delete encreter
	Write a program that shows explicit type conversion
	Write a program to overload different uparty and binary operators by
	• white a program to overload uncreate unary and binary operators by
	Write a program to implement single inheritance
	Write a program to implement multi-level inheritance
	• Write a program to implement multiple inheritance
	• Write a program to implement hierarchical inheritance
	• Write a program to implement hybrid inheritance
Inheritance &	• Write a program to implement multi-path inheritance
Runtime	• Write a program that shows use of pointer to base class
polymorphism	• Write a program that shows use of pointer to derived class
	• Write a program that shows use of virtual function.
	• Write a program that shows use of pure virtual function.
	• Write a program that shows use of abstract class
	• Write a program that shows use of virtual destructor
	• Write a program that shows behavior of constructor and destructor in
	inheritance.
	 Write a program that shows use of istream class.
	 Write a program that shows use of ostream class.
Streams and	 Write a program that shows use of different manipulators.
Files	 Write a program to read, write and append data into file.
	• Write a program that checks two files are identical or not.
	• Write a program that shows use of random access of file.
	• Write a program that shows use of command line argument.
Exception	• Write a program that shows use try, catch and throw
Handling and	• Write a program that shows use multiple catch blocks.
template	• Write a program that shows use of custom exception.
p-aco	• Write a program that shows use of function template
	• Write a program that shows use of class template

Second Year BCA (Under Science) Semester- III

Course Code: BCA 401

Course Title: <u>Software Testing</u>

Total Contact Hours: 48 Hrs.

Teaching Scheme: Theory 5 Lect./Week

Total Marks: 100 (60 Lectures)

Total Credits: 04

<u>Course Objective:</u> The objective of this course is to study software testing in detail.

Unit No.	Description	No. of Lectures
	Introduction To Software Testing:	
Unit- 1	 What is Software Testing? Use or need of software testing. Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC) : Water Fall Model Spiral Model V- Model Prototype Model Hybrid Model 	10
	White Box Testing:	
Unit- 2	 Introduction to White box testing Advantages and Disadvantages of White box testing Loop Testing Path Testing Condition testing Memory Testing Performance Testing 	10
Unit- 3	 Black Box Testing: Introduction to black box testing Advantages and Disadvantages of black box testing Functional Testing- Integration Testing (Incremental Integration Testing) > Top Down Incremental Integration Testing > Bottom Up Incremental Integration Testing > Non Incremental Integration Testing System Testing Acceptance Testing Smoke Testing Adhoc Testing Performance Testing – > Load Testing > Stress Testing > Koure Testing > Regression Testing- > Unit Regression Testing/Retest > Regional Regression Testing, > Full Regression Testing 	10
Unit- 4	 Test cases and its design Techniques: Introduction to Test Case Characteristics Of Good Test Case 	15

Image: Non-State Case TemplateImage: Non-State Case TemplateImage: Non-State Case Test Case T			
Image: How To Write A Test Case Image: How To Ensure The Test Coverage Is Good , Image: How To Identify whether It Is a Good Test Case Or Not Image: Review Process/Peer Review , Image: Preparing Review Report Image: Review Process/Peer Review , Image: Preparing Review Report Image: Review Process/Peer Review , Image: Preparing Review Report Image: Review Process/Peer Review , Image: Preparing Review Report Image: Review Process/Peer Review , Image: Preparing Review Report Image: Review Process/Peer Review , Image: Preparing Review Report Image: Preparing Review Report Image: Prof Guessing Image: Preparing Traceability Matrix Image: Preparing Traceability Matrix Image: Preparing Traceability Matrix Image: Preparing Traceability Matrix Image:		Test Case Template	
• How To Ensure The Test Coverage Is Good , • How To Identify whether It Is a Good Test Case Or Not • Review Process/Peer Review , • Preparing Review Report • Examples On Writing Test Cases • Test Cases Design Techniques- • Equivalence Partitioning, • Boundary Value Analysis Software Test Life cycle and Defect Life Cycle: • Software Test Life Cycle- • Writing Test Execution Report • Preparing Traceability Matrix • Preparing Traceability Matrix • Defect Life Cycle- • Concept of Defect life cycle • Difference between Bug, Defect, Failure, Error		How To Write A Test Case	
• How To Identify whether It Is a Good Test Case Or Not • Review Process/Peer Review , • Preparing Review Report • Examples On Writing Test Cases • Test Cases Design Techniques- • Error Guessing • Equivalence Partitioning, • Boundary Value Analysis Software Test Life cycle and Defect Life Cycle: • Software Test Life Cycle- • Writing Test Plan • Preparing Traceability Matrix • Writing Test Execution Report • Summary Report • Retrospect Meeting /Triage Meetings • Defect Life Cycle- • Concept of Defect life cycle • Difference between Bug, Defect, Failure, Error		How To Ensure The Test Coverage Is Good ,	
Image: New Process/Peer Review , Image: Preparing Review Report Image: Preparing Traceability Matrix Image: Preparing Review Report Image: Preparing Review Review Report Image: Preparing Review		How To Identify whether It Is a Good Test Case Or Not	
• Preparing Review Report • Examples On Writing Test Cases • Test Cases Design Techniques- • Error Guessing • Equivalence Partitioning, • Boundary Value Analysis Software Test Life cycle and Defect Life Cycle: • Software Test Life Cycle- • Writing Test Plan • Preparing Traceability Matrix • Writing Test Execution Report • Summary Report • Retrospect Meeting /Triage Meetings • Defect Life Cycle- • Concept of Defect life cycle • Difference between Bug, Defect, Failure, Error		Review Process/Peer Review ,	
 Examples On Writing Test Cases Test Cases Design Techniques- Test Cases Design Techniques- Error Guessing Equivalence Partitioning, Boundary Value Analysis Software Test Life cycle and Defect Life Cycle: Software Test Life cycle and Defect Life Cycle: Software Test Life Cycle- Writing Test Plan Preparing Traceability Matrix Writing Test Execution Report Summary Report Retrospect Meeting /Triage Meetings Defect Life Cycle- Concept of Defect life cycle Difference between Bug, Defect, Failure, Error Test Cases Design Test Plan 		Preparing Review Report	
 Test Cases Design Techniques- Error Guessing Equivalence Partitioning, Boundary Value Analysis Software Test Life cycle and Defect Life Cycle: Software Test Life Cycle- Writing Test Plan Preparing Traceability Matrix Writing Test Execution Report Summary Report Retrospect Meeting /Triage Meetings Defect Life Cycle- Concept of Defect life cycle Difference between Bug, Defect, Failure, Error 		Examples On Writing Test Cases	
> Error Guessing > Equivalence Partitioning, > Boundary Value Analysis Software Test Life cycle and Defect Life Cycle: • Software Test Life Cycle- > Writing Test Plan > Preparing Traceability Matrix > Writing Test Execution Report > Summary Report > Retrospect Meeting /Triage Meetings • Defect Life Cycle- > Concept of Defect life cycle > Difference between Bug, Defect, Failure, Error		 Test Cases Design Techniques- 	
> Equivalence Partitioning, > Boundary Value Analysis Software Test Life cycle and Defect Life Cycle: • Software Test Life Cycle- > Writing Test Plan > Preparing Traceability Matrix > Writing Test Execution Report > Summary Report > Retrospect Meeting /Triage Meetings • Defect Life Cycle- > Concept of Defect life cycle > Difference between Bug, Defect, Failure, Error		 Error Guessing 	
Boundary Value Analysis Software Test Life cycle and Defect Life Cycle: Software Test Life Cycle- Writing Test Plan Preparing Traceability Matrix Writing Test Execution Report Summary Report Retrospect Meeting /Triage Meetings Defect Life Cycle- Concept of Defect life cycle Difference between Bug, Defect, Failure, Error		 Equivalence Partitioning, 	
Software Test Life cycle and Defect Life Cycle:• Software Test Life Cycle-> Writing Test Plan> Preparing Traceability Matrix> Writing Test Execution Report> Summary Report> Retrospect Meeting /Triage Meetings• Defect Life Cycle-> Concept of Defect life cycle> Difference between Bug, Defect, Failure, Error		Boundary Value Analysis	
 Software Test Life Cycle- Writing Test Plan Preparing Traceability Matrix Writing Test Execution Report Summary Report Retrospect Meeting /Triage Meetings Defect Life Cycle- Concept of Defect life cycle Difference between Bug, Defect, Failure, Error 		Software Test Life cycle and Defect Life Cycle:	
 Writing Test Plan Preparing Traceability Matrix Writing Test Execution Report Summary Report Retrospect Meeting /Triage Meetings Defect Life Cycle- Concept of Defect life cycle Difference between Bug, Defect, Failure, Error 		Software Test Life Cycle-	
Unit- 5> Preparing Traceability Matrix15Unit- 5> Writing Test Execution Report15> Summary Report> Retrospect Meeting /Triage Meetings15• Defect Life Cycle- > Concept of Defect life cycle > Difference between Bug, Defect, Failure, Error15		 Writing Test Plan 	
Unit- 5 Writing Test Execution Report Summary Report Retrospect Meeting /Triage Meetings Defect Life Cycle- Concept of Defect life cycle Difference between Bug, Defect, Failure, Error 15		Preparing Traceability Matrix	
 Summary Report Retrospect Meeting /Triage Meetings Defect Life Cycle- Concept of Defect life cycle Difference between Bug, Defect, Failure, Error 	Ilmit 5	Writing Test Execution Report	15
 Retrospect Meeting /Triage Meetings Defect Life Cycle- Concept of Defect life cycle Difference between Bug, Defect, Failure, Error 	Unit- 5	Summary Report	15
 Defect Life Cycle- Concept of Defect life cycle Difference between Bug, Defect, Failure, Error 		Retrospect Meeting /Triage Meetings	
 Concept of Defect life cycle Difference between Bug, Defect, Failure, Error 		Defect Life Cycle-	
Difference between Bug, Defect, Failure, Error		 Concept of Defect life cycle 	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Difference between Bug, Defect, Failure, Error	

- 1) The art of Software Testing– Glenford J. Myers
- 2) Lessons learned in Software Testing CemKaner, James Bach, Bret Pettichord
- 3) A Practitioner's Guide to Software Test Design- Lee Copeland
- 4) Software Testing Techniques, 2nd edition-Boris Beizer
- 5) How to Break Software: A Practical Guide to Testing- James Whittaker

Course Code: BCA 402	Course Title: <u>Python</u>	
Total Contact Hours: 48 Hrs.	Total Marks: 100	(60 Lectures)
Teaching Scheme: Theory 5 Lect./Week	Total Credits:04	

<u>Course Objective:</u> The objective of this course is to study basics Python.

Unit	Description	No. of
NO.	- Introduction to Duthon Decomming:	Lectures
Unit- 1	 Features/characteristic of Python Basic syntax Writing and executing simple program Basic Data Types Declaring variables Performing assignments, arithmetic operations, Simple input-output Precedence of operators Type conversion Conditional Statements: if, if-else, nested if -else Looping: for, while, nested loops Terminating loops, skipping specific conditions 	10
Unit- 2	 String, collection lists and Tuples: Declaring strings String Manipulation using string functions Introduction to Collection lists Introduction to Collections Lists Manipulating Collections Lists Tuples- Introduction to Tuples Manipulating Tuples 	10
Unit- 3	 Dictionaries , Functions and Modules: Concept of dictionary Techniques to create, update &delete dictionary items Functions: Defining a function Calling a function Advantages of functions Types of functions Function parameters Formal parameters, Actual parameters Anonymous functions Global and Local variables Modules: Importing module Creating & exploring modules Mathmodule, Random module, Time module 	10
	Python File Input-Output, Exception Handling and Regular Expression:	

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Unit- 4	 Opening and closing file Various types of file modes Reading and writing to files Manipulating directories Exception Handling – What is exception Various keywords tohandle exception such try, catch, except, else, finally, raise Regular Expressions – Concept of regular expression various typesof regular expressions, using match function 	10
Unit- 5	 GUI Programming in Python (using Tkinter/wxPython/Qt): What is GUI Advantages of GUI Introduction to GUI library Layout management Events and bindings, Font, Colors, drawing on Canvas (line, oval, rectangle, etc.) Widget such as : Frame Label Button Checkbutton, Entry Listbox Message Radiobutton Text Spinbox etc. 	12
Unit- 6	 Database connectivity in Python – Installing mysql connector Accessing connector module using connect, cursor Execute& close functions Reading single & multiple results of query execution Executing different types of statements Executing transactions Understanding exceptions in database connectivity 	8

- 1) Introduction to Computer Science using Python- Charles Dierbach
- 2) Beginning Python: Using Python 2.6 and Python 3- James Payne
- 3) Practical Programming: An Introduction toComputer Science Using Python 3- Paul Gries , Jennifer Campbell, Jason Montojo
- 4) Programming Languages Principles and Paradigms- AdeshPandey
- 5) MySQL for Python: Database Access Made Easy- A. Lukaszewski

Course Code: BCA 403 Course Title: <u>Operating System</u>		<u>ing System</u>
Total Contact Hours: 48 Hrs.	Total Marks: 100	(60 Lectures)
Teaching Scheme: Theory 5 Lect./Week	Total Credits: 04	

<u>Course Objective</u>: The objective of this course is to study basics of Operating System.

Unit	Description	No. of
No.	Description	Lectures
	An Introduction to Operating System:	
	• Definition, introduction of Operating system.	
	• Types of Operating System:	
	> Batch	
	Parallel	
	Multiprogramming,	
	Time Sharing	
Unit- 1	Distributed	15
	Real time	
	• Structure of Operating System.	
	System Components	
	• Services provided by Operating System.	
	Monolithic and Layered Systems	
	System design and implementation	
	System Generalization and virtual machine.	
	Process Management, Scheduling and Synchronization:	
	Process Management:	
	Introduction to process	
	Process life cycle.	
	Concept of process management	
	 System cans Operations on Process 	
	 Operations on Process Cooperating Process and threads 	
	 Cooperating Flocess and inteads Interprocess Communication 	
	Process Scheduling:	
	 Basic Concept of process scheduling 	
Unit- 2	Scheduling criteria	20
	 Scheduling Algorithms; 	
	 Scheduling Algorithms. ECES (First Come First Serve) 	
	 S.IF (Shortest Job First) 	
	 Round Robin 	
	 Priority Scheduling 	
	Multilevel Oueue Scheduling	
	Process Synchronization:	
	 Critical section problem 	
	Semaphores, Critical Regions, Classic	
	Problems of Synchronization	
	Deadlocks Prevention, avoidance, detection and recovery:	
	Definition and concept of Deadlock	
Unit- 3	Handling Deadlocks	10
	Deadlock Prevention	10
	Deadlock Avoidance	
	Deadlock Avoidance Algorithm:	

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	 Mutual exclusion Resource allocation graph (RAG) Bankers Deadlock Detection and recovery 	
Unit- 4	 Memory Management: Concept &Background of Memory Management Swapping Continuous Memory Allocation Fragmentation Paging Segmentation Virtual memory Demand Paging Process criteria Page replacement. Page replacement algorithm: FIFO (First In First Out) LRU (Least Recently used) Optimal LFU (Least frequently Used) 	10
Unit- 5	 File System: Concept of file File Structure File Naming (File attributes) File Types File operations File Protection Directory structure of file Allocation of disk space for file File Handling 	5

- System programming and O.S. By D.M. Dhamdhere.
 Modern O.S. By Andrews Tanenbaum.
- 3) Operating System Concepts BySiberchatz and Galvin.

Course Code: BCA 404	Course Title: <u>Advance</u>	<u>d Web Technology</u>
Total Contact Hours: 48 Hrs.	Total Marks: 100	(60 Lectures)
Teaching Scheme: Theory 5 Lect./Week	Total Credits: 04	

Course Objective: The objective of this course is to study advanced web technology

Unit	Description	No. of
No.	Description	Lectures
	Introduction and Basics of PHP:	
	History of PHP	
	• PHP is better than Its alternatives	
	 Interfaces to External systems 	
	Hardware and Software requirements	
	• Benefits of PHP as a server side languages	
	• How PHP works with the web server	
	 Installation and Configuration files 	
	PHP Framework	
	Basic PHP syntax	
	• PHP data types	
	• Displaying type information	
	Testing for specific data type	1.0
Unit- 1	 Changing type with Set type 	10
	Operators	
	Variable manipulation	
	Dynamic variables	
	 Static vs. Dynamic Optimization 	
	Redirecting web pages	
	• Rediffering web pages	
	Control Structures	
	The arrital statement	
	Ine switch statement Using the 2 operator	
	While do while and for Loop	
	 Wille, do wille and for Loop Breaking out of loops 	
	 Dicaking out of loops Nesting loops 	
	Array String and Functions:	
	• Arrow	
	 Single-Dimensional Arrays 	
	 Multidimensional Arrays 	
	 Associative arrays 	
	 Accessing arrays 	
	 Getting the size of an array 	
	 Examining arrays 	
Unit-2	merging arrays	15
	 Sorting arrays 	
	Sorting an associative arrays	
	• String:	
	Formatting String for Presentation	
	Formatting String for Storage	
	Joining and Splitting String	
	Comparing String	

	<u>To be effective Fr</u>	<u>om June-2017</u>
	Matching and replace Substring, patterns	
	The basic regular expressions	
	Matching patterns	
	Finding matches	
	• Functions:	
	Function and its Types	
	Library Function	
	Array functions	
	String functions	
	Date and time functions	
	Maths functions	
	User-defined functions	
	Creating a function	
	Returning value from function	
	Dynamic function calls	
	Variable scope	
	Accessing variable with the global statement	
	Function calls with the static statement	
	 Setting default values for arguments Dessing arguments to a function by value 	
	 Passing arguments to a function by reference 	
	 Fassing arguments to a function by reference Using require() and include() 	
	Object Oriented Programming in PHP	
	Object oriented concents	
	 Define a class and objects 	
	 Define a class and objects Class attributes 	
	Object properties	
	 Object properties Object methods 	
	Object methods operatmisters and destructors	
	Constructors and destructors	
	• Class constants	10
Unit- 3	• Static method	10
	• inneritance	
	• Abstract classes	
	• Exception Handling	
	• Final keyword	
	Implementing Interface	
	• Object serialization	
	Understanding Advance and New	
	Checking for class and method existence	
	Working With Forms and Database (MySQL):	
	working with Forms:	
	• Forms	
	• Forms controls properties, methods and events	
	• Retrieving form data with \$_POST, \$_GET and \$_REQUEST	
	arrays	
Unit- 4	Validating retrieved data	15
	• Strategies for handling invalid input	
	Super global variables	
	• Super global array	
	Importing user input	
	Accessing user input	
	Combine HTML and PHP code	
	 Using hidden fields 	1

		om june 2017
	Redirecting the user	
	File upload and scripts	
	Validation	
	Server side validation	
	Client side validation (Java script)	
	Working with Database MySQL:	
	History of MySQL	
	 Installation and Up gradation to MYSQL 	
	MySQL Architecture	
	Invoking MySQL through Command Line	
	MySQL Server Start and Stop	
	• Overview of Data Types in MySOL	
	• Defining a Database	
	• Creating Tables and Fields in MySQL	
	Working with PHP-MySOL Environment	
	• Connecting to the MYSOL	
	• Selecting a database	
	• Adding data to a table	
	• Displaying returned data on Web pages	
	• Finding the number of rows	
	• Inserting, deleting and updating data	
	• Executing multiple queries	
	State Management:	
	• Cookies:	
	What is a Cookie?	
	Setting time in a cookie with PHP	
	Deleting a cookie	
	Creating session cookie	
	Working with the query string	
Unit- 5	• Session:	10
	What is session?	
	Starting a session	
	 Registering Session variables 	
	working with session variables	
	destroying session	
	passing session Ids	
	encoding and decoding session variables	

- 1) PHP: The Complete Reference-Steven Holzner.
- 2) Professional PHP 5-Ed Lecky-Thompson, HeowEide-Goodman, Steven D. Nowicki, Alec Cove.
- 3) Programming PHP- Rasmuslerdorf, Kevin Tatroe.
- 4) Beginning PHP 5.3 WroxPlublication-Matt Doyle
- 5) Learning php, mysql, javascript and css –Oreilly- Robin Nixon

Course Code: BCA 405

Course Title: <u>E- Governance</u>

Total Contact Hours: 48 Hrs.

Total Marks: 100(60 Lectures)

Teaching Scheme: Theory 5 Lect./WeekTotal Credits: 04Course Objective: The objective of this course is to study the basic of E-Governance.

Unit No.	Description	No. of Lectures
	Introduction to e-Government:	
	Definitions	
	• Domains,	
	• Taxonomy	
Unit- 1	 Current Status in India and Global 	10
	Conceptual Foundations	
	Citizen Centric E-Governance	
	E-Governance Services	
	E-Governance Models	
	Managing E-Governance-Strategy and Implementation:	
	Management Models-	
	 Centralized 	
	Decentralized	
	> Hybrid	
	Implementation Models-	
	Back End Automation	
Unit- 2	Front End Services	10
	> Holistic	
	Business Models-	
	Self-Finance	
	> PPP	
	► JV	
	• Different Payment	
	• Facilities Management outsourcing,	
	Management of Intellectual Properties	
	Incories of Evolution in e-Government:	7
Unit- 3	• Four stages of e-Government evolution	1
	• Various models	
	E-Government maturity model	
	managing e-Government:	
	The series of DDDs The series of DDDs	
	Change Management	
	Change Management Consoity Duilding	
Unit- 4	 Capacity Dulluling Data of Datitional Londorphin 	10
	Role of Social Media and Citizana	
	Tochnology	
	 Technology- Components and Overview 	
	 Components and Overview, Producement Strategyand Challenges 	
	F-Government Life Cycle	
	Different between general and e-Government Project Life	
Unit- 5	Cvcle	9
	 Concept behind and importance of each PLC stage. 	

	To be effective in the second se	<u>'e From June-20</u>
	Challenges in Implementation of e-Government Project:	
	Universally identified challenges	
	Challenges facing e-Government practitioners in India.	
	Performance Management:	
Unit- 6	 India and Global Assessment framework and variety of readiness 	9
	 indexes and their usefulness Outcomes and Benefitsmanagement. 	

- 1) E-Government: From vision to implementation- SubhashBhatnagar
- 2) E-Government- Concepts and case studies- C S R Prabhu
- 3) Unlocking E-Governance Potential Concepts Cases and Practical Insights-SubhashBhatnagar
- 4) Compendium of E-Governance Initiatives in India-Piyush Gupta, R. K.Bagga
- 5) E-Governance Case Studies-Ashok Agarwal
- 6) Information Technology and E-Governance- N. Gopalsamy

Course Code: BCA 406Course Title: Lab 4 Based on 402, 404Total Contact Hours: 48 Hrs.Total Marks: 100(60 Practical's)Teaching Scheme: Practical 05 Lect. /WeekTotal Credits: 4

Lab-4

I) Practical's on course code BCA 402:

Description

		Description
	1)	Installing python and setting up python environment
	2)	Write a program in python that uses simple statements like
		printing thenames, numbers, mathematical calculations, etc.
	3)	Write a program in python that uses conditional constructs like if, if-else,
		nested if
	4)	Write a program in python that uses loops
	5)	Write a program in pythonto manipulate on string like string copy, string
		concatenation, string comparison, string length, string reverse etc.
	6)	Write Programs in python which are related to Lists and Tuples
	7)	Write Programs in python which are related to dictionaries
	8)	Write Programs in python which are related to functions & modules
	9)	Write Programs in python to read & write file.
10)Write a python program to demonstrate exception handling		
	11)Write a python program to demonstrate the use of regular expressions
	12)Write a python program to draw different shapes
	13)Write a python program to show different GUI controls and their processing
	14)Write a python program to show database connectivity

III) Practical's on course code BCA 404:

Description

- 1) Write PHP code to check entered number is Armstrong or Not.
- 2) Write a menu driven program to perform following operations:

a) Check Number is Palindrome or not.

- b) Check Number is Perfect or not.
- c) Find face value of Entered number.
- d) Check Number is Prime or not.
- e) Check Number is Strong or not.

3) Write a PHP code to perform following operations:

a) Sort array element

b) Find Maximum and Minimum number in array

c) Merge two arrays in third array.

d) Swap two array elements

4) Write a program to overload the constructor.

5) Write a program which uses the static methods and static variables.

6) Write a program to implement different types of inheritance.

7) Write a program to implement interface.

8) Write a program to handle different types of exceptions.

9) Write a program which shows the use of 'final' keyword.

10) Write a program to copy the content of one file into another.

11) Write a program to merge two files into third file.

12) Design a web application to perform following task on employee table.

I) Add New II) Save III) Delete IV) Update V) Move First VI) Move Last

13) Design a web application that uses cookies and session object.